movement on the part of Virginians to place Mr. Barbour in the Cabinet will alt in making him Postmaster-General. He is admirably suited to this position because of his experience as a railroad official. Apart from this he has the administrative ability necessary for the place. All the Virginia delegation want Mr. Barbour in the Cabinet, and for some time have been urging him to accept their assistance in his behalf. It is now understood that he will accept if appointed. It seems to be conceded that Senator Garland will be made Attorney-General. That also looks well for the South, because nothing will be done by him tending to do injustice to your section. Those who knew him when at Richmond when a member of the Confederate Congress will concur in this opinion.

THE NAVY-YARDS.

The Senate to-day determined to send the Naval Committee to look after the navy-yards, including that at Norfolk. It would be better to give us a navy, for at present our vessels are not capable of competing with those of a negro republic. When we have a Democratic President and a Congress in sympathy with him things will be different. it will remind one of the days of Decatur, Lawrence, and others, who made our naval vessels the pride of Ameri-VIRGINIA AND NEW JERSEY.

I bear that Representative McAdoo, of New Jersey, will on next Wednesday lead to the altar at "Bon Air Miss Eva L. Hardy. He is one of the youngest and most elôquent members of the House, and during his tour through the South with Mr. Randall he greatly enhanced his reputation as a speaker. He will lecture in Richmond the 25th of February for the benefit of the uniform fund of Company E, First Virginia regiment. A treat is in store for those who hear him. THE ILLINOIS SENATORSHIP.

The Republicans this morning were not as hopeful about the election of Logan as they were a week ago. They seem to fear that the nomination of Morrison by the Democrats will draw votes from them. The legislative vote, however, is a tie as between the Republicans, with an Independent to give the casting vote. He is Speaker of the House of Delegates, and both sides hope to get him. To-night Mr. Morrison's friends seem to be very hopeful. but doubtful things are very uncertain. THE CABINET-MR. CLEVELAND'S VISITORS.

The following are spoken of to-night in connection with Cabinet positions : Senators Garland, Bayard, and Jonas, and Representative Barbour. Ex-Senator Gordon is also spoken of. Mr. Cleveland, however, is as reticent as a Mason and does not let out his secrets. Senator Voorhees and Representative Barksdale will go to-morrow to confer with him. Senators Lamar and Jonas and Representative Lowry, of Indiana, went to-day. The incoming President is evidently determined to get the best possible advice in regard to the selection of his constitutional advisers. In doing this be gives assurance to his party that he will make his admistraion a thoroughly Democratic one.

THE EFFECT OF THE NEW RULES. The passage of the new rules, allowbills without there are ten objectors, resulted to-day in the passage of three public-building bills. This looks well er your Richmond bill, as your repre sentative is constantly on the alert for its passage. But for the few days re maining until the 4th of March, the bill to improve the road to the Federal cem-etery near Richmond could be passed. THE SILVER QUESTION IN THE SEN-

ATE. Mr. Bayard, in the Senate to-day, called up the trade-dollar bill, and advocated their recoinsge into standard

THE RIVER-AND-HARROR RILL. This bill was discussed in the House this afternoon, and a number of speeches were made. It will pass before the end of the week. The advocates of the ap-

propriation for Galveston harbor do no m to be well organized. A MEETING OF GEORGIANS.

It was understood to-day that the Georgia representatives had a meeting and endorsed General Gordon for a Cabinet position or some other place commensurate with his ability and services as a Democrat. THE CALLERS ON THE PRESIDENT-

ELECT.

A New Yorker told me to-day that ex-Senator Conkling would call on President Cleveland while he was at New York. He further said that Mr. Cleveland had not yet determined as to his Cabinet, and would not do so until after his conference with those invited to confer with them.

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS. There was a fierce tilt to-day be-

appropriated for the display of the post-office exhibit at the New Orleans Extween Representatives Breckenridge and Reed. The son of the Vice-President position has been exhausted, and the bore himself gallantly, and the Maine representative of the Department at representative looked like "the grand-New Orleans has been directed to disfather's clock." charge employes. The post-office ex-The House Committee on Foreign hibit will therefore remain incomplete unless additional funds are provided by Affairs will recommend a new com-

mission on Venezuelan claims. Senator Mahone to-day reported in the Senate a bill to obtain real estate on which a post-office building is to be

erected in Washington. Government receipts to-day: Inter-nal revenue, \$329,614; customs, \$578,-

The proceedings in the Senate were

XLVIIITH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, February 5, 1885. Senate.

Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution, which was agreed to, directing the Committee on Naval Affairs to investigate the organization of the navy and all questions touching its line and staff corps and all ranks and grades, together with the questions of pay and promotion.

The resolution authorizes the com-

tain Eads consulting engineer for the Mississippi-River Commission, and to mittee to sit during the recess of the place him in charge of the improvement Senate and to send for persons and paof the Galveston harbor. pers, and requires it to report at the Shooting Affray in Taxewell County.

At 2 o'clock the Senate took up the bill for the redemption of the standard dollar. Upon this Mr. Bowen took the floor. He argued that the true policy of the United States was to develop the resources of their own country and leave other nations to look out for themselves. Above all, it was important to maintain the balance of trade in our favor, even if for this purpose it should become necessary to increase tariff ticulars except that Harman escaped the rescue of the garrison at Khartees, Gold would then flow in from been apprehended.

THE MANDI TRIUMPHANT. sufficient to retire every legal-tender note and leave us with a currency com-posed exclusively of gold and silver. It should be clearly announced that the production of silver was one of the in-dustries of the United States, and that the nation was planted on that platform and would not get off it. Mr. Bowen KHARTOUN IN REBEL HANDS.

Mr. Bayard said that in 1876 the trade-

occupied the time to adjou which was taken at 3:45 P. M.

House of Representatives.

Mr. Belmont, from the Committee on

Foreign Affairs, reported back a reso-

conference, and especially copies of the

text of the commissions or powers sent by this Government to each of the three

to be immediately transmitted to this

House. Adopted.
Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, from

the Committee on Rules, reported an

amendment to the special "ten-objec-

tions" rule so as to provide that objec-

After a debate of a rather personal

amendment to the rules was adopted.

Mr. Breckenridge, of Arkansas, rising

speeches made yesterday by Messrs. Reed, of Maine, and Hiscock, of New

York, reflecting upon the Committee on Rivers and Harbors. At a full

meeting of the committee this morning, he said, it had been unani-

mously agreed that those remarks

the House as a slander upon the com-

mittee. The committee unanimously

utterly base and groundless. The com-

mittee had no desire to have these in

was willing to let them stand as evi-

directed against the action of the com-

yesterday, and parliamentary restric-

solent remarks taken for record.

upon their associates.

matter was finally dropped.

river-and-harbor bill.

the committee rose.

Committee of the Whole.

a recess until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

Washington Items

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

Ingersoll \$2,500 and Judge Wilson

\$1,000 to secure the passage of the law

enacted at the last session of Congress

Owing to the high charges for labor,

transportation, &c., the sum of \$10,000

Republican senators met in caucus

after the adjournment of the Senate this

condition of the business of the ses-

It was decided to continue the discus-

The legislative, executive, and judi-

cial appropriation bill reported to the House of Representatives to-day recom-

mends an appropriation of \$21,213,701,

which is \$1,088,468 less than the esti-

mates and \$272,902 less than the ap-

propriation for the present fiscal year.

bor Committee to-day it was decided to

report amendments to the river-and-

the item which proposed to make Cap

A letter from Tazewell Courthouse, dated the 4th, says: To-day I hear from

entirely reliable sources that a respect-

able young farmer named Reid was shot and killed on Indian creek, in this

county, by George Harman, a well-known and well-to-do citizen of Dry

Fork. The difficulty occurred at the house of a man named Mosely, near the

State line. I have not heard any par-

harbor-appropriation bill eliminating

At a meeting of the River-and-Har-

Congress.

relative to the increase of attorneys'

denounced the imputations upon it :

tions shall not be called for until ten

minutes' debate has proceeded.

to adjournment,

Gardon's Fate Unknows-Gladness in Sar-lard Gives Way to Universal Depression-Excitement in Landon. [By cable to the Dispatch.] Lexidox, February 5.— General Wolseley telegraphs that Khartoum has fallen. He says that when Colonel Wilson, who went from Metemneh to Khartoum, reached the latter place he found it in the hands of the rebels. He opposed the Senate committee's amend ment to the House bill, and hoped th House bill providing merely for the re-demption of the trade-dollar would be passed by the Senate, and that the Senate provision to suspend coinage of standard silver dollars would not be Mr. Bayard followed. He remarked

returned to Metemneh sunder a heavy fire from both banks of the river.

The Daily Telegraph, on official authority, confirms the report of the fail of Khartoum. It says the rebels secured the rite by the research formers. upon the exceeding importance of the question before the Senate and the fact that notwithstanding its importance the city by treachery. General Gordon is probably a prisoner in the hands of The War Office has issued the follow-

there was scarcely a score of senators in the chamber. Mr. Bayard strongly opposed the redemption of the trade-dollar at its face value. Indeed, he "Telegrams from General Wolseley announce that the fall of Khartoum teek place January 26th. He says Colonel Wilson arrived at Khartoum on objected to the word "redemption" in connection with it. Trade-dollars were in the same category as silverbars.

After giving a history of the coinage of the January 28th, and was greatly sur-prised to find that the enemy were in United States and of the trade-dollar, possession of that place. He immediately started on his return down the dollar was struck out from the list of coins of the United States. It never river, and proceeded under a heavy fire from the rebels. When some miles be-low Shublaka cataract Colonel Wilson's had had any place there except to the extent of five dollars. Mr. Bayard advocated the suspension of the silver-coinage act. He would favor a more steamers were wrecked, but he and his whole party managed to reach an island prompt suspension than that provided in safety, where they are secure. by the Senate committee's amendment Steamers have gone to bring them back under consideration, but if the present measure was best that could now be had he would support it. Mr. Bayard

to the British camp near Metemneh."

General Wolseley says he has no information as to the fate of General Gordon, and does not know whether he is dead or alive. GREAT EXCITEMENT IN ENGLAND. There is no longer any doubt but that

lution requesting the President to cause copies of all communications which have been received respecting the Congo the Mahdi holds possession of the town of Khartoum. Some hopes are entertained that General Gordon may still be holding out in the citadel of the town. Meanwhile the excitement in American plenipotentiaries or agents, to be impredictely transmitted to be impredicted t is known is rising to fever-heat. Clubs and public resorts of every description are thronged with crowds of people eager to catch the last syllable of intelligence from the distant Egyptian desert. Through Fleet street and Strand street it is almost impossible to make one's way, so crowded are these thoroughfares with throngs of curious and excited citizens. Most people take a gloomy view of the position of the British troops in the Soudan. The jubilant gladness which has

character between Messrs. Reed, of Maine, and McMillan, of Tennessee, the to a question of privilege, sent to the Clerk's desk and had read extracts from characterized England in regard to Egypt ever since the welcome news of General Stewart's success ful arrival in the neighborhood of temneh was received has given way to universal depression, and expression of dismay and foreboding come from almost everybody. It is too early to estimate the influence of the news or the political situation. The War Office should be denounced on the floor of s besieged with army officers tendering their services for active duty in the

OTHER DISASTERS FEARED. Numerous telegrams are being received from officers throughout the coun try asking for assignments to rescue the dence of a kind of criticism that was expedition should the Government conmittee. As a member of Congress and

The capture of Khartoum has created a gentleman he resented the insults grave fears, especially in army circles. which the gentlemen sought to heap for the safety of General Stewart and his army. A number of military offi-This occasioned another heated decers of repute even express the opinio bate, in which both Messrs. Reed and that unless reinforcements are hurried Hiscock adhered to their remarks of forward to Korti the fall of Khartoun may lead to disasters to the forces un tions were ignored by several gentleder Lord Wolseley and General Earle. men, but nothing came of it, and the A Cabinet council has been summone

to meet at once. The House then proceeded to busi-Mr. Gladstone is fearfully disturbed ness under the new rule, and half a by the news, and some people believe dozen bills of local interest only were he will resign.

The House at 3:25 P. M. went into | TREACHERY OF THE NATIVE TROOPS ing an hour to be devoted to calling up Committee of the Whole (Mr. Har- A native reports that the Mahdi had mond, of Georgia, in the chair) on the | 60,000 men in the vicinity of Khartoum and that he introduced a number of his Mr. Spooner, of Rhode Island, while emissaries into the city. These emissa favoring the general principle of internal improvements, protested against the troops under General Gordon, and by bill as discriminating against the local- bribes, threats, and working on the ity which he represented. Mr. Spooner religious feelings, induced them to mumanaged, by pro forma amendments of-fered every five minutes, to make an deserted to the robels, leaving Genera hour's speech devoted especially to a Gordon only 2,500 faithful soldiers comparison of the commerce of Texas With this small force he attempted to and of Rhode Island. Pending action hold the city against the Mahdi's great army, but after severe fighting, in Mr. Holman, of Indiana, from the which a large number of rebels were killed, he was compelled to surrender.

Committee on Appropriations, reported the legislative, executive, and judicial NOTHING KNOWN ABOUT GORDON. appropriation bill, and it was referred When Sir Charles Wilson reached Khartoum he found that the Mahdi's The House then, at 5:15 P. M., took forces occupied both the town and cita-He tried to land and ascertain the fate of General Gordon; but this step he found impossible. The enemy' guns were turned upon him in full force WASHINGTON, February 5 .- George He was therefore compelled to turn hi E. Lemon, pension attorney of this city, was before the House Committee on back upon the fallen city and return to Gabat without finding out whether General Gordon was dead or alive. Payment of Pensions, Bounty, and

Back-Pay to-day, and in answer to inquiries of members said repaid Colonel THE CABINET APPREHENSIVE. The news of the downfall of Khar toum has created grave apprehension i regard to the whole Egyptian problem among the members of the Cabinet in pension cases. Lemon further said Mr. Gladstone and Earl Granville start that the payment of these sums was ed for London as soon as the news reached them. A Cabinet Council will contingent upon the passage of the act. local mail agent at Waycross, Ga., has been arrested by post-office inspectors on the charge of rifling let-

be held this evening.

The military authorities are of opin ion that General Gordon sent the greater part of his troops down the Nile to meet General Stewart's force, and so depleted was the garrison in the town and citadel of Khartoum that an attack by the enemy from Omdurman was rendered much easier. The greatest activity prevails at the

War Department. Many of the officials remained on duty all last night. Lord Wolseley telegraphs that he does not consider the British position at Gabat in any immediate danger.

THE NEWS RECEIVED IN CAIRO. CAIRO, February 5 .- The first news afternoon and discussed for an hour the of the fall of Khartoum received here was from London. The official dispatches have not been published. The sion of the anti-silver-coinage bill for tidings of the capture have created the the present. No other action was utmost consternation among the inhabi-

THE ARABS GREATLY ENCOURAGED. LONDON, February 5 .- The first news of the fall of Khartoum received by General Wolseley was brought by a messenger who left the island where Colonel Wilson was stranded and came on foot to Gabat. Two messengers were dispatched to Korti via Abu Klea and Gakdul. They reached their destination in safety, owing to the fact that the news of Khartoum's fall had not reached the desert. Intelligence of the disaster, however, has since spread far and wide. Some of the tribes that have hitherto professed friendship for England have declared for the Mahdi. The Arabs still hold Metemneh. The garrison there received the news of the fall of Khartoum with repeated salvos of artillery.

THE GOVERNMENT BLAMED FOR THE

DISASTER.
The Pall-Mall Gazette this evening referring to the Khartoum calamity, says: "Nobody can accuse our gallant troops of losing a single moment in their fierce race against time in hastening to

Even then, if the expedition been sanctioned, the precious day have been gained; but it was not period of hesitation sacrificed Khartoum. Islam is now victorious The revolt and fall of Khartoun will permeate the arch of the world, and unless the Ministry display world, and unless the Ministry display the boldness and rariness equal to their former dilatorinass a catastrophe worse than that at Kaartoum will follow. England dare not fly before the Eastern foe ; it would mean war and mutiny from one end of Asia to the other. She must reinforce her garrisons everywhere, including India, even if it shall be neces sary to call; far volunteers to do the work. General Earle must advance rapidly to Berber and Metemneh. The Suakim garrison must be reinforced and the road to Berber cleared. Every nerve must be strained to prove that the Khartoum disaster has stiffened the resolution to hold England's flag aloft in the face of every foe. Our duty is not to flinch, but to prepare for eventualities and relieve Metemneh by water. We have failed to save Gordon. We must now save Stewart. COLONEL WILSON'S ADVANCE ON

KHARTOUM. When Colonel Wilson's flotilla approached Khartoum it was compelled to zun the gauntlet of a heavy fire from both banks. The rebels had four Krupp guns on the river-banks at Hal-fujeh to bombard steamers. When the British force reached Omdurman numbers of rebels continued the lade. Things looked worse when it was discovered that the enemy was in possession of the Island of Tutti, just outside the city. The English still pushed ahead, but were dismayed to find that the garrison commenced firing upon them. No flags were flying from the public buildings, and the town appeared to be in the undisputed posse sion of the enemy. The palace seemed to have been gutted. Finding it impossible to land in the face of the overwhelming numbers of the rebels, the British were obliged to retire. VARIOUS RUMORS CONCERNING GOR-

DON.

Rumors concerning the fate of General Gordon are many and varied, but all agree that the Mahdi captured Khartoum by treachery. The most reliable reports point to Faraz Pasha as the traitor. It is said that he, being left in charge of the ramparts, opene the gates on January 26th and admitted the enemy. Some rumors state that the Mahdi, together with a few Levantines, is cooped up in a church : others say that Gordon has been seen wearing Mahdi's uniform. The maority agree, however, that Gordon has been killed.

It is stated this evening that Commander Cameron, the African traveller, has offered to start at once for the Soudan to assist the British in the campaign against the rebels. Orders have been sent to Portsmouth Haven to begin immediately the fitting out of troop-

Two Heroes.

[By cable to the Dispatch.]

LONDON, February 5. — General Wolseley in a private letter says : "I have personally known only two heroes in the course of my life. One was General Lee : the other is General Gor-

NORTH CAROLINA NEWS. liquity Into the Matter of Couriet Labor-Raitrond Legislation-Signeettes.

(Special telegram to the Dispatch ! RALEIGH, N. C., February 5 .- In ternal Improvements favorably reported the resolutions introduced by Mr. Pearson looking to the investigation of charters of railroads and convicts employed The committee recommend the following amendment:

"That said committee be further authorized to inquire and ascertain the terms and conditions under which several railroads of the State are working or entitled to work convict labor of the State and the compensation agreed to be paid the State for such convict labor." It is estimated that under the various acts of Assembly not less than 3,500 convicts have been appropriated or promised to the several railroads and other works of internal improvement. As there are only about 1,000 able-bodied hands available, there is conflict and confusion as to the order of priority of

claims. This contest is the more interesting to the State by reason of the fact that the compensation paid the State for the convicts varies from \$150 per annum to less than nothing.

In the Senate the following bill was eported favorably by the committee: Section 1. That any railroad or other transportation company shall have the right to aid in the construction of any railroad or branch railroad in this or an adjoining State connected with it. directly or indirectly : provided, however, that this shall not be construed to empower the building of any railroad or branch railroad not otherwise

Section 2. That any railroad or other transportation company may acquire and hold or guarantee or endorse the bonds or stocks of or may lease any railroad or branch road or other trans portation line in this or an adjoining State connecting with it, directly or indirectly.

A bill was introduced in the Senate to-day to incorporate the Chesapeake, Norfolk and Carolina railroad, and the Roanoke and Tar-River railroad.

In the House a bill passed making it a misdemeanor to sell or give cigarettes or cigars to any boy under ten years of

Cunningham's Alleged Accomplice. [By cable to the Dispatch.] LONDON, February 5 .- The myste-

rious prisoner who was arrested on Tuesday evening in White Chapel with Cunningham's missing brown box in his possession was to-day arraigned in the Bow-Street Police Court. He was formally charged with complicity in causing the explosion at the Tower. Mr. Doveton Smythe appeared as counsel for the defence. The prisoner gave his name as Harry Burton, said he was twenty-six years of age, and by occupation a cabinet-maker. He looks like an American. He managed to baffle all efforts of the police to take his photograph. When taken into court Burton presented a haggard appearance and scemed keenly alive to his unfortunate position. The examination was briefly confined to the taking of the prisoner's statement concerning his identity and the reading of the charge against him. and he was then hurried back to Clerkenwell prison, after being formally remanded for further hearing.

Patture.

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)

NEW YORK, February 5.—Rebecca

B. Mitchell and Francis Kunzler, proprietors of the Hotel Brunswick, made with the Ministers who refused to allow a references amounting to \$58,000.

THE ROTHORD DEPARTMENT ARDAY, PUBRUARY 6. NORFOLK'S NOTES.

NORPOLK, February 5, 1885. It is now settled, says Mayor Lamb that Norfolk will get \$50,000 for widen ing the channel between Lambert's Point and Fort Norfolk, and an addi-Point and Fort Norioik, and an additional \$50,000 for the river-and harbor.

Yesterday afternoon about 52 o'clock, while some small boys were practicing at a target in Henry Fink's shooting-gallery, Mrs. Fink walked between the muzzle of a small rifle and the target just as one of the boys had pulled the trigger, and was shot in the neck. Her condition is slightly improved this morning, though the attending phy-sician thinks it doubtful if she will re-

cover. The ball has not been extracted. Captain James Barroa Hope's friends are circulating a petition in this city asking that he be appointed collector of customs. The petition has been signed oy most of the prominent business-men in the city, and he will hardly have any The jewelry clerk who went to Wash-

ington to find the man who had swin-dled him out of several articles of jowelry succeeded, after all, in spotting his His name is W. F. Lee, and he s now "doing" thirty days in Alexandria for swindling. ELIA. Steamer Sunk-A Letter from Mr.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.] NORFOLK, VA., February 5 .- The steamer Norwood, of the Norfolk and Southern railroad, was sunk in Pam-lice Sound to-day. The Baker Salvage Company has gone to her assistance. Hon. John Goode will publish a let

ter in the Norfolk papers to-morrow in answer to a written request urging his to offer for the gubernatorial nominacumstances accept.

HAMPTON NOTES. A Correction-Stight Fire.

spondence of the Richmond Dispatel HAMPTON, VA., Feb. 5, 1885, In your issue of to-day, in noting the new trial for Dr. Pitts, you state "he was convicted of the murder of Dr. Thom," which is a mistake. He was convicted of the murder of Dr. Thomas L. Walter on Tangier's island, Accomae county, Va.

A fire at the store of L. L. Gutrislee. on west Queen street last night, caused much excitement, but did little damage as it was quickly extinguished. It is supposed to have been of incendiary HAMPTON.

The Little Sorrel in Bristol. [Special telegram to the Dispatch.] BRISTOL, TENN., Feb. 5, 1885.

Stonewall Jackson's riding-horse ar rived here this afternoon en roste for New Orleans. He was taken to Pendleton's sale stables, where he spent several hours resting and receiving hi friends. Quite a number of ladies and gentlemen of the town called on him in spite of the mud and falling rain. Most of the ladies wanted a lock of his hair, which was politely refused by the gentleman who had him in charge. While here his picture was taken. We all wish him a safe and pleasant trip to the Exposition.

Governor Hendricks in Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., February 5 .- Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks and party reache tlanta this morning at 4 o'clock in a pecial car. At 84 they were escorted to the Kimball House, where breakfast was served. The company they met at breakfast consisted of about thirty prominent citizens. A large crowd was congregated about the hotel. Mayor introduced Mr. Hendricks, who addressed the people from the balcony,

" Gentlemen of the State of Georgia ;

I did not expect to receive this welcome at your hands to-day. I accept it as a ibute from a great State of this Un a State that is firmly united with the great State of Indiana, from which I come. [Applause.] I accept it with pleasure, because it is an honor done me by the people themselves. We have recently in the North as well as in the South passed through a great politi-cal contest; I think the greatest the country has ever seen. It has resulted, in my judgment, most gloriously. The country is for the first time in a great many years to be placed under the management of pocrats. [Applause.] I believ that the change will be for the welfare not only of the white race, but of the colored race of our country, so many of whom I see here to-day. Did you observe that of the millions of vota east the question was finally decided upon the ballots of 1,142 men in the State of New York? This cutire country had its political fortune decided by that small vote; and when it came to be known that there was a majority of 1,142 for Cleveland and Hendricks in the State of New York, it was known the country had gone for the Democrats, and that the difference of 1.142 votes decided the judg ment of fifty-four millions of people So grand a spectacle has never been witnessed in any country of the world. It is the force of sentiment that the majority shall govern; and Republi-North and South, now bend their heads in respect to the judgment of the majority, as the Democrats have done in the past; and is it not an evidence of increased union between all sections of the country? It was not in the South that that small difference controlled the vote. It was not in this Empire State of Georgia that a small majority controlled fifty-four millions of people, but it was a northern State; was in New York, a great and powerful State, that the majority of was given; and North and South that secame the judgment of all the people so I think I can say to you that we stand in union more firmly to-day than ever before." [Applause.] After the speaking the ladies were

driven around the city and the gentlemen proceeded to the hall of the House of Representatives, where a reception was held, and several hundred persons were presented to the Vice-President-elect. The party left for Birmingham at 10 o'clock, and will proceed from there to the New Orleans Exposition. Much enthusiasm was manifested over Mr. Hendricks.

President-elect Cleveland in New York.
[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]

NEW YORK, February 5 .- The hall-

ways and lobbies of the Victoria Hotel, where President-elect Cleveland is stopping, were alive with visitors to-day. Among the callers on the President elect were William H. Barnum, Hubert O. Thompson, Senators George, of Mississippi; Vance, of North Carolina; Jenas, of Louisiana; and Gorman, of Maryland; General Hancock; General Franklin, of Connecticut; General Frye; Colonel Goode, of Virginia; General Stephenson, of Illinois; Judge Moulton, of Illinois; Mayor Grace, Roswell P. Flower, and William C. Whitney. The statement made this morning that the National Democratic Committee as such would wait on Governor Cleveland is said to be without foundation. Governor Cleveland will

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]
WASHINGTON, February 6-1 A.
M. For the Middle Atlantic States,
light mones, followed by colder, clearing weather, northerly winds, higher

For the South Atlantic States, rai and enow, followed by colder, clearing

The Weather in Richmond Yesterday ras clear in the morning and cloudy and rainy in the evening. Range of Thermometer Yesterday Mean temperature.

FURIOUS FLAMES.

Destructive Confingration in New York-La Estimated at \$1,500,000.

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.] NEW YORK, February 5,-One the largest fires ever witnessed in New York in a long time broke out at midnight in the wine-vaults of Steinhardt Brothers, 112 and 114 Wooster street. The flames spread with frightful rapidity throughout the building, and, owing the inflammable nature of the con tents, the Fire Department was unable to cope with the devouring element. The fire gained such headway that the entire Fire Department of the lower part of the city was called out to quench

it. This six-story iron building, ex-tending from 108 to 114 Wooster street and from 97 to 105 Green street, was owned by Bernard & Muller. Ag 1:30 A. M.the roof of building crashed in, and shortly afterwards the walks caved in, crushing the adjoining house. Contiguous to the burning structure were a number of tenem at-houses, and Captain McDonnell, of the Eighth precinct, cleared the inmates out, and has house. Opposite the burning build-ing is a row of tenements, and the in-tense heat from the blazing structure has cracked the wads on the other side of the street.

At 2 o'clock A. M. the entire block bounded by Spring, Prince, Wooster, and Green streets was threatened. The loss at that time was estimated at

(By telegraph to the Dispatch.)
AUGUSTA, GA., February 5.—A destructive fire occurred at Laurens, S. C., this morning. Eight stores, with their stocks of merchandise, were con-

[By telegraph to the Dispatch.]
NEW YORK, February 5.—The teamship Tallahassee, which arrived o-day from Savannah, reports that on February 3d, at 3:30 P. M., she passed he steamship William Kennedy, of and from Baltimore for Charleston, with a Rock Island shaft broken and leaking badly; took | St. Paul her in tow, intending to run her into Cape Henry. After towing an hour she parted hawser, and finding the leak gaining rapidly, with a bad sea and officers concluded to abandon towing and leave the ship. They transferred the crew, numbering twenty-one, without accident to the steamship Tallaha-

MuzzP ag the Press in Germany.

BERLIN, February 5 .- The Governent seized the entire edition of yesterday's Dalziger Zeitung, a Liberal paper, because of the radical tone of its Ham burg correspondence. The seizure is considered an extraordinary action on the part of the Government, and is th first case of the seizure of a newspaper which has occurred here within the past twenty years.

KILT SUITS. EIG THING FOR YOU. MOTHER HUBBARD KILTS-sizes 35-3-, and 4-year. They sold at \$5, now | Col. & Greenville 1st 6's., 95 99.50.

Piedmont R. R. 1st 8's 1074 PLAIN BLUE CARDINAL-TRIMMED Petersburg Class A. 5's,..., 911 Pet. Class B, 6's,.... BELT KILT-size 5-year. It was \$7, now R., F. & P. ext. 6's. R., Y. R. and Ches. 8's. . . 1074 R. and D. con. 6's, 1885 1004 -size 5-year-PLAIN BROWN BOX- R. and D. gold 6's R. and D. debentures.

PLAIT KILT SUIT. Was \$7, now \$3,50. R. and Alle, 1st mort. 7's, 511 1 4-YEAR-OLD "ADMIRAL SUIT." gilt-C., C. and A. 2d 7's..... 93 trimmed-gill anchor on collar. It was Georgia Pacific 1st 6's 921 R., F. & P. div. scrip

A. SAKS & CO., ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS. 1013 MAIN STREET (OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE). [fe 6]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. MINIATURE ALMANAC, FEB'RY 6, 1885. Sun rises. 7:13 High Tide: Sun sets. 5:35 Morning Moon rises. 12:25 Evening. PORT OF RICHMOND, FEBRUARY 5, 1885.

ARRIVED. Steamer Guyandotte, Kelly, New York, merchandise and passengers, George W. Almerchandise and passengers, George W. Al-len & Co. agents.
Steamer Pioneer, Platt, Philadelphia, merchandise and passengers, J. W. McCar-rick, agent.
Steamer Ariel, Gifford, Norfolk, United States mail, merchandise and passengers, L. B. Tatum, agent.
Schooner Isaac Oberton, Trion, Port John-son, coal, S. H. Hawes.

PORT OF NEWPORT'S NEWS, FEB. 5.

[By telegraph.]
ARRIVED.
Steamship Blehmond. Boaz, West Point,
and salled for New York.
Steamship Wally (British). New Orleans.
Steamship Thor (British). Delaware
Freakwater.
Steamship More. Steamship Malabar (British), Gould, New Orleans. Schooner Robert G. Dun, Crowell, Norooner James Rathwell, Crawford, Bos-

Schooner Spartan, St. John, Boston, coal, Chesapeake and Ohio railway. FOR SALE, A DOG-CART IN F good running order and HARNESS match. They may be seen at George Ainsile & Sons', No. 10 south Tenth street fe 1-cod3t*

MANTELS, GAS-FIXTURES, &c. AT COST. The entire stock of goods—MANTELS, GAS-FIXTURES, GRATES, and HOUSE-FURNISHINGS—at cost to close business, S. C. WEISIGER, Agent, to c-10t 807 Pace Block,

BUTCHERS. NOTICE.—RABBI REV. M. TICTIN. of Baltimore, arrived in this city on the 4th instant, and has commenced RILLING FOR THE JEWISH COMMINITY for Wildiam Friedenberg. A goost supply of FINE MEATS always on band. No. 1716 Main street, between Seventeenth ind Eighteenth. Closed on Saturday, and open Saturday night and Sunday.

LATE WEATHER REPORT. | PINANCIAE AND COMMERCIAE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

quiet. States firm.

bonds quiet.

Georgia 6's....

122; 3 per cents, 102

Georgia 7's, mortgage

North Carolina's, new ...

Tennessee 6's.....

Virginia 6's

Virginia consols

North Carolina funding ...

South Carolina Brown con .

Denver and Rio Grande

Memphis and Charleston ...

Mobile and Ohio

New York Central

Norfolk and Western pref.

Richmond and Alleghany

Richmond and Danville

St. Paul preferred......

Wabash Pacific preferred,

Western Union.....

BALTIMA-

Virginia 10-40's...... 32

Va. cop. tax-rec. coup., '82, 53

Va. con. tax-rec. coup., '83. 35

113

191

68 85

914

108

Virginia consols.....

Virginia peelers

Virginia new 3's....

North Carolina 4's

Richmond city 6's

Richmond city 5's.....

RAILROAD BONDS. *

Atlanta and Charlotte 7's. . 109

Western N. Carolina 7's ... 107

R., F. & P. 6 p. c. guar. ... 114

Petersburg Railroad ... 100 241

Virginia Midland com.. ... 15

Pet'b'g Sav. and In. Co. 20 19

Virginia Home 25 17

RICHMOND, February 5, 1885.

OFFERINGS.

718 bushels. Total, 768 bushels.

CORN.-White, 1,930 bushels.

SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

CORN.-White, 550 bushels very

OATS .- 250 bushels very good mixed

FLOUR.

We quote: Fine, \$2.25a\$2.50; super-

Business on 'Change, while not large.

was fairly active, with sales including nearly all types of old and new stock.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK.

WHEAT.-Mixed, 50 bushels very good at 95c. Red, 32 bushels very

OATS .- 2.250 bushels mixed.

MEAL .- 60 bushels.

good Longberry at 97c.

goed on private terms.

RAILROAD STOCKS. Par.

Col. & Greenville pref.. 100

Rich. & Petersburg....100

Rich. & Alleghany 100

Char., Col. & Augusta.100

Atlanta & Charlotte 100

State Bank of Va..... 100

INSURANCE COS.

Virginia State.....

BANKS.

CITY BONDS.

Richmond city 8's.

RE.

BALTIMORE, February 5 .- Virginia

6's, old consols, 38; past-due coupons, 351; new 10-40's, 32; new 3's, 531.

Union Pacific ...

Bid to-day.

Wabash Pacific

Reading

Nashville and Chastanooga......

New Orleans Pacific 1st mort

Northern Pacific..... Northern Pacific pref.....

Rich, and West Point Terminal.

East Tennessee Railroad.

Chicago and Northwestern p'fd., 1204

(bid)

121

953. Governments/steady; 4 per cents,

NEW YORK, February 5. - The called a halt, and the rise to comply usith the rest in the state of t

cy, Reading, and Missouri Pacific each 1: Erio, I lower; New York, Central, Union Pacific, and Rock Island each 1; steady and quist. Wheat—Southern steady; western higher and fairly ac-tive; southern red, 95a96e; susber, 97 Lake Sacre, 1. Eric was unavoidably affected by the free circulation of rea98c.; No. 1 Maryland 941a944c.; No 2 western winter red, spot, 891a90jc. Cort -Southern firmers; western higher ports that it will be unable to meet the ports that it will be unable to meet the interest which matures in Masch. Sales, 252,090 shares.

Noon,—Stocks active. Money, la ly per cent. Exchange—Long, 4834a, 4834; short, 48644864. Governments outet. States from and strongly active; southern white, 55a56c.; yellow, 52a53c. Oats firmer and dull; southern 35a38c.; western white 37a38e.; mixed 34a36c.; Penn-sylvania 34a37c. Provisions quiet and steady. Sugar easier; A soft 6c. Whiskey firm at \$2.20a\$1.21. Other Evening.—Exchange, 4831. Money, 1a11 per cent. Sub-Treasury balances— Gold. \$139,822; cnrrency, \$20.articles unshanged. Freights dull.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI. February 5 .- Flo unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 2 red, 85c. Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed, 42c. Oats in good demand; No. 2 mixed, Alabama-Class A, 2 to 5, ... (bid) 87 B, 5's, sm'll (bid) 102 324a23c. Pork steady at \$12.25. Land firmer at \$6.90a\$6.92. Bulk-(bid) 1023 (bid) 30 meats firmer; shoulders, 95.121; short-ribs, \$6.50; clear, \$6.75. Bacon, unchanged. Whiskey dull at \$1.13. Sugar unchanged. Hogs firm; common, and light, \$3.75a84.70; packing and (bid) 106 (bid) 431 butchers', \$4.50a\$5. (bid) 39

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE. February 5.—Wheat unchanged. Corn.—Not quoted. Oats.— No. 2 mixed, 334c. Provisions stronger. Pork.—Mess, \$13. Bulk-meats.—Shoulders, 85; clear rib, \$6.50; clear sides, 86.874. Bacon Shoulders. clear rib. 87.25; sides, \$2.50. Sugarcured hams, 10c.

ST. LOUIS.

Sr. Louis, February 5.-Flour un-changed. Wheat lower; No. 2 red, 864 a864c. cash, 864a864c. February. Corn lower; 36a364c, cash and February. Oats dull; 29 ja 30e, cash, 20e. February. Whiskey steady at \$1.14. Provisions higher and firm. Pork, \$12.624 cash, Lard, \$6.83a\$6,90. Bulkmeats-Long clear, 86,35; short rib, \$6.45 : tlear, \$6.70. clear. \$6.95a87; short rib, \$7.15a\$7.20; chear, \$7.37 | a87.40.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, February 5,-Flour unchanged. Wheat "settled and closed 11½ lower February, 77‡a78‡c. Corn 61 closed to lancer February, 36‡a36‡c. Oats la c. lower ; Februar, nominal at 274c. Mess pork 10a15c, higher, clos steady; cash. \$12.45a\$12.50; February, 812.45. Lard firm ; cash and February, \$6.95. Dry-salted shoulders. \$4.75a\$4.80; short rib sides, \$0.30a \$6.35; clear, \$6.70a\$6.75. Whiskey firm at \$1.15. Sugar unchanged.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE. THURSDAY, February 5, 1885. [Grain and Provision Circular.] ALES.-1,000 Virginia new 3's at CHICAGO, February 5-5 P. M .-53, 1,000 do. at 53, 4,500 do. at 53; 10 shares Columbia and Greenville pre-C. E. Redford, 6 south Twelfth street; Dear Sir,—Wheat has disappointed the bulls; large sales were made in offices STATE SECURITIES. Rid Asked. before the opening at 85c, for May wheat on war news, but although the surrender of Khartoum seems to be confirmed sales of large block 531 kept the market spasmodically weak, closing about 837c. for May. The gen-seral situation should give it more strength, and we are surprised at the audacity of bears. Corn steady and stubborn, which is all that can be said North Carolina 6's 1084 1094 of it, closing at 40 a40 lc, for May, 374a 38c, aboard cars. Additional snows which we have been getting all day 114 .. 1048 1054 should make it higher. Provisions stendy and strong; \$12.72 for May pork, \$7.15 for May lard, \$6,52 for May ribs. The mild weather should have brought larger receipts of hogs, if they

are ready to come.

MeDenmin & Co.

MILWAUKEE. MILWAUKEE, February 5,—Flour unchanged, Wheat weak; No. 2, cash and February, 761c. Corn firmer; No. 3. 40a41c. Oats quiet; No. 2, 30c. Provisions higher. Mess pork, \$12.45 cash and February. Lard—Prime steam, \$6.95 cash and February, Pickled hams firm at \$1a91c. Hogs higher at \$4.40a41.75. 84.40x84.75.

WILMINGTON. WILMINGTON, N. C., February 5.

Turpentine steady at 274c. Rosin firm; strained, 974c. good, \$1. Tar steady 1174 at \$1.10. Crude turpentine steady; 194 hard, \$1.15; yellow-dip and virgin, \$1.75. COTTON MARKETS. 244 NORFOLK, VA., February 5 .- Cot-

ton quiet; middling, 10 13-16c. Net receipts, 1,695 bales; gross receipts, 1,695 bales; stock, 30,692 bales; sales, 657 bales. WILMINGTON, N.C., February 5 .-

Cotton quiet; middling, 10 c. Net receipts, 114 bales; gross receipts, 114 bales; sales, —.
SAVANNAH, GA., February 5.—
Cotton firm; middling, 10 9-16c. Net

receipts, 1,078 bales; gross receipts, 1,078 bales; sales, 1,400 bales; stock, 54,331 bales. GRAIN AND COTTON EXCHANGE. AUGUSTA, GA., February 5 .- Cotton dull; middling, 104c. Receipts, 145 bales; shipments, —; sales, 268

WHEAT .- Mixed, 50 bushels. Red. bales. CHARLESTON, S. C., February 5 .-Cotton firm: middling, 10%. Net receipts, 1,024 bales; gross receipts, 1,024 bales; sales, 1;481 bales; stock,

33,142 bales. NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, February 5 .- Cotton-NEW YORK, February 5.—Cotton—Net receipts, 99 bales; gross receipts, 4,557 bales. Futures closed steady; sales, 27.500 bales; February, \$11.15a \$11.16; March, \$11.22a\$11.23; April, \$11.29a\$11.30; May, \$11.39a\$11.40; June, \$11.50a\$11.51; July, \$11.60a \$11.61; August, \$11.70a\$11.71; September, \$11.31a\$11.33; October, \$10.82 a\$10.84; November, \$10.69a\$10.71; December, \$10.70a\$10.72. MEAL .-- 60 bushels country at 55c.

NORFOLK PEANUT MARKET.

fine, \$2.25a\$3; extra, \$3.50a\$3.90; family, \$4.25a\$5; patent family, country, \$5a\$5.25. Market firmer and active. [Reported for the Dispatch.] NORFOLK, February 5.—Peanut RICHMOND TOBACCO MARKET. Best hand-picked, sc. per pound; extra hand-picked, 3jc. per pound; other grades, 3a3jc. per pound. RICHMOND, February 5, 1885. The quality of to-day's offerings of loose tobacco was very good—very good dark wrappers bringing from 10

L. W. BILLUPS & SON,
FURNISHING UNDERTAKERS,
1506 EAST MAIN STREET (under St. Charles
BURIAL-CASES, SHROUDS, and FUNERAL CONVEYANCES turnished at all
hours. Telegraph orders attended to day or
night.

UNDERTAKED.

NEW YORE, February 5.—Cotton BOOK AND JOB PRINTING quiet and steady; sales to-day, 24 PATCH PRINTING-BAVAR.